Secrt. II-27—80,006—4-1-52

Dev H (1952) Department.

MS SERIES.

G.O. NO. 4505

Dated 23.10.52

[Despatch Abstract.]

Fisheries - Inland - South Kanara Dt - Demonstration fish farms - Scheme with staff - Permanent retention - Sanctioned

Department of Fisheries.

From

Sri V. John, B.A., F.Z.S.,
Director of Fisheries,
Royapettah, M a d r a s -14.

To

The Secretary to Government,
Development Department,
Fort St. George, Madras-9.

Dw 109913/52

Ref.No.19592-C4/52, dated 24-9-1952.

Sir,

Sub: Inland Fisheries - South Kanara district - Demonstration farms scheme - continuace - permanent retention - request of

Ref: G.O.No.219, Development dated 16-1-1950.

- -

In the G.O. cited sanction was accorded for the continuance of the scheme relating to the Demonstration farms in South Kanara District for a period of three years from 8-10-49. This sanction expires on 7-10-52. The staff sanctioned were as below:-

Staff:

One Rural Fishery Demonstrator on Rs.120--220.
Three fieldmen on Rs.25--40 each.
One peon on Rs.18--25.
Three watchmen on a pay not exceeding Rs.10 per mensum each plus dearness allowance.
Six fishermen.

The Fishery Demonstrator, now at Karkal, is in charge of all the Inland Fisheries activities of Karkal taluk. Besides he is supervising the work of the Asst. Fishery Demonstrator, Puttur who is in charge of the Inland Fisheries work to Puttur taluk. One Fieldman, 2 fishermen and one watchman are put in charge of the works relating to each of the Fish farms at Nileshwar in Kasargod taluk, Karkal in Karkal taluk and Kodi in Coondapur taluk. The peon is appointed under Fishery Demonstrator, Karkal.

Formerly, there were only 3 fish farms namely Nileshwar fish farm consisting of one tank (Therthan tank) Karkal fish farms consisting of two tanks, (Ramasamudram and Thavarakere) and Kodi fish farm consisting of two tanks (Kodi and Kottakere tanks). During 1950-51 more provincialised tanks were taken over in Coondapur taluk and during this year two provincialised tanks were taken over in Kasargod taluk. The staff engaged for the Kodi fish farms have to attend to the works in respect of the provincialised waters of Coondapur taluk and the staff engaged for Nileshwar fish farm have to attend to the works in respect of the provincialised waters of Kasargod taluk.

During the last three years 179 pieces of waters extending to a total area of 161-22 acres were surveyed by the Fishery Demonstrator, Karkal. 6,05,153 fingerlings of Mullet, Etraplus chanos and Megalops were collected from the two collections centres one at Nileshwar and the other at Kodi. 5,16,404 fingerlings of different kinds were stocked in the Demonstration tanks and provincialised waters. 35,987 fingerlings were supplied to the other divisions like Malabar, Madura, Nettur and - - - Vijayawada and other states such as Mysore and Coorg. 1968 fingerlings were supplied to private parties who are interested in pisciculture. 8002 lbs. of table fish were caught and sold and a sale proceeds of Rs.3601-5-7 was realised. The actual production and sale proceeds are not much and this is because

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the tanks were not stocked adequately in past years. Since the tanks have been stocked adequately from the year 1950-51 onwards the sale proceeds will increase considerably in future years. The fall in production in past years is also due to the loss of fishery of the tanks by way of escape of fingerlings and grown up fishes in the tanks for want of some improvements to be effected to the different tanks.

Nileshwar Fish Farm: Nileshwar fish farm consists of one tank nmely Theertham tank with four nurseries attached to it. One Fieldman, 2 fishermen and one watchmen are engaged to attend to the works in respect of this farm. Now that two more tanks of Kasargad taluk have been taken over as provincialised tanks, these tanks also are placed under the charge of the same staff. This centre is noted for collection of fingerlings of Etroplus suretinsis from Chenvathur and Nileshwar backwaters. Large number of fingerlings is being collected annually at this centre by the farm staff with the assistance of additional fishermen engaged on daily wages during the heavy collection season. During the last three years 1,35,470 fingerlings were collected at this centre. 56,535 fingerlings were stocked in fish farms of this centres. 33487 fingerlings were supplied to other divisions of this department and the states of Mysore and Coorg. 1155 fingerlings were supplied to private parties. 4620 fingerlings were supplied to the other sections of this division. From the fish farm of this centre 2030 lbs. of fish were caught and sold and a sum of Rs.447-3-6 was realised towards dale proceeds of fish caught. The actual production and sale proceeds realised from this farm are not satisfactory. This low production is due to the loss of Fishery of the tank due to the escape of many fish when the tank overflowed during the monsoon floods. It is proposed to divert the drainage of water from the surrounding areas during monsoon which will avoid flood in the tank. The estimate for the works in this connection is being prepared by the Fishery Engineering Supervisor, Kozhikode. When this work is done the loss of fishery will be checked and the production will be increased considerably.

Karkal fish farm: This fish farm consists of two tanks Ramasamudram and Thavarakere with two nurseries. One Fieldman 2 fishermen and one watchman are engaged for this farm also. There is no collection centre at Karkal. The work of the farm staff is to stock and exploit the tanks properly. During the last three years 35,703 fingerlings were stocked in the fish farms by getting fingerlings from other sections of this division and also from other divisions. 813 fingerlings were supplied to private parties interested in pisciculture. 3315 lbs. of fish were caught from the fish farms and a sale proceeds of Rs.2024-7-3 were realised. The production and sale proceeds realised from these farms also are not satisfactory considering the potentialities of the tanks. The fall in production in these farms is due to two reasons, one the tanks were not stocked adequately in past years and the other loss of fishery by way of escape of fish from the tank for want of a proper protection at the outlet of Ramasamudram. Since the tanks have been stocked with more fingerlings during the last two years increased production may be expected in future years. A proper concrer bund with sluice gates has been constructed at the outlet of the farm and this will prevent the loss of fishery by way of escape of fish and thus increase the production.

Kodi fish farm: This fish farm consists of two tanks namely Kodi tank and Kottakere tank. One Fieldman, two fisherman and one watchman are engaged for this farm also. The same staff has to attend to the works in respect of the newly provincialised tanks of Coondapur taluk also. Besides, they are attending to the collection of fingerlings. Kodi centre is noted for collection of Mullet fingerlings. Chanos, Etroplus suratinsis and Magalops are also being collected at this centre. A large number of fingerlings is being collected annually at this centre. A large number of fingerlings is being collected annually

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at this centre by the farm staff with the assistance of outside fishermen engaged on daily wages during heavy collection season. 4,69,683 fingerlings of different kinds ~~xx~~ were collected at this centre for the last three years. 4,24,166 fingerlings were stocked in the fish farms of this centre. 2500 seeds were supplied to Malabar division. 3310 fingerlings were supplied to other sections of the division. 2657 lbs. of fish were caught and sold from the farms and a sale proceeds of Rs.1129-10-10 was realised. The production and sale proceeds of this farm also is affected adversely by the escape of fish from the tank for want of proper sluice gates at the outlet channel. The estimates of the repairs of the cluice of Kodi fish farm which is in ~~the~~ disrepairs has been got sanctioned. The work will be got executed soon after the monsoon.

The detailed particulars of the working of each farm and the duties entrusted to the staff engaged have been given above. The staff now sanctioned for these farms are the bare-rest minimum, though not insufficient to carry out the work of the centres at present.

The above posts were first sanctioned in G.O.M.2107, Development dated 15-5-44 and hence these posts are being continued for nearly 8 years now. Therefore I request that the sanction may be accorded for permanent retention of these posts.

Financial commitments on the above farms for one year is given below:-

		Rs.
Pay of establishment (One Fishery Demonstrator, 3 Fisheldman and one peon.)		2800
Dearness allowance of above.		1300
Travelling allowance and L.C.A.		1500.
Pay of menials ~~xx~~(6 fishermen & 3 watchmen)		1440.
Dearness allowance to menials.		1940.
Fishery utensils.	..	500
Other Contingencies.	--	1000.
		-----10480.
Petty construction and repairs for the year 1952-53.	..	3650 3650.
	Total	14130

A quantity of not less than 20,000 lbs. of fish worth Rs.10,000 may be expected during the next year.

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for Director of Fisheries.

33/24/7

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No. 109913/F1/52 — Sub:- Fisheries — Inland — South Kanara Dt — Demonstration fish farms — Scheme — Staff — Permanent retention — Sanctioned — Read again —

Proceedings of 23/10/52

Read:-

(A) G.O. Rt. No. 2107 Dev (D) dt. 15-5-1944
(B) G.O. Rt. No. 3416 Dev (D) dt. 6-9-1946
(C) G.O. Rt. No. 219 Dev (D) dt. 16-1-1952

Read also:-

From the Director of Fisheries No. 19592/C4/52 dated 24-9-52

Order

No. 45062 Dated 23-X-52

1. The Govt. sanction the permanent retention of the scheme for the opening of three demonstration fish farms in South Kanara Dt. sanctioned in the G.O. first read above with effect from 8-10-1952.

2. Sanction is also accorded to the permanent retention of the following staff employed in the scheme referred to in para above with effect from 8-10-1952:—

1. One Fishery Demonstrator on Rs 120-220 P.
2. Three Fieldmen on Rs 25-40 P.M. each
3. One Peon on Rs 18-25 P.M.
4. ~~Three Watchmen on a pay not exceeding Rs 10 P.M. each plus dearness allowance~~
5. ~~Six Fishermen~~

The Dt. is competent to employ watchmen and fishermen who are paid from Contingencies

The fishermen should be paid at the market rates (i.e. pay plus dearness allowance should not exceed the market rates) which should be fixed in consultation with the Collector of the District.

3. Sanction is accorded to the recurring & a non-recurring expenditure of Rs 3650/- (Rs three thousand six hundred and fifty only) for petty construction and repairs during the year 1952-53.

By order of the Governor
29/10

8/10/52 9.10.52

To
The Director of Fisheries
S.F.I
S.F.I

P.T.O for Note

note: Please see the letter from the D.F. on pp 1-5 of. In the circumstances stated it is for orders whether the proposal of the D.F. at 'X' on p 5 of will be accepted. Subject to orders a draft order is submitted for approval on p 1 above. Finance may see for acceptance.

8.10.52 9.10.52

11.X.52

Secretariat (09913) F/52

18.10.52

To the Finance (C.E.II)

The draft order overleaf may be issued.

Thro' Expc

15.10.52

15/10/52 D.S./Dev.

ADDITIONAL DEPUTY SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
75090
13 OCT 1952
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Dev F

Secretariat (09913) F/52

16/10/52

The draft order overleaf may be issued.

for Secretary
21.10.52

Secretary
21.10.52

Issued as proposed. 2505 Dev 23.10.52

THIRD ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
21 OCT 1952
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT